

微積分(II) 期末模擬考試 (2002/6/18)

Problem 1. (page 641)

In (a), (b) set up integrals for the volume with the given boundaries.

(a) $z = \cos(x^2 + y^2)$, ($z = 0$; $\frac{3\pi}{2} \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq \frac{5\pi}{2}$)

(b) $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$

Problem 2. (page 642) Prove that $\frac{d^n}{dt^n} \int_{-t}^t f(x+t)dx = 2^n f^{(n-1)}(2t)$, ($n \geq 1$).

Problem 3. (page 641) Show that $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 - y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} dy dx \neq \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 - y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} dx dy$

Problem 4. (page 639) Convert the following integral to polar coordinates and evaluate. $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x (x^2 + y^2)^{-1/2} dy dx$.

Problem 5. (page 639) Let R be the triangular region in the xy plane bounded by $x = 0$, $y = 0$, and $x + y = 1$. Compute the double integral $\int_R \exp[(x - y)/(x + y)]$.

Problem 6. (page 640)

(a) Compute the volume of the ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} \leq 1$,

(b) Compute triple integral $\int \int \int xyz$ over the ellipsoid in (a) above.

Problem 7. (page 628) Use Green's theorem to evaluate $\oint_\lambda [\frac{1}{y} dx + \frac{1}{x} dy]$ where λ is the closed curve formed by $y = 1$, $x = 4$, and $y = \sqrt{x}$.

Problem 8. (page 615) Find the volume of the following regions of space, and also find the value of the triple integral of the given function f over each region

(a) Region S bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ and the planes $z = 0$, and $z = 3$; $f(x, y, z) = xz + yz$.

(b) Region S bounded by the cylinder $x^2 = z$ and $x^2 = 4 - z$, and the planes $y = 0$, and $z + 2y = 4$; $f(x, y, z) = 2x - z$.

Problem 9 (page 601) In polar coordinate system, find the volume of the solid bounded by the cone $z = 2r$, ($r \geq 0$), the cylinder $r = 1 - \cos \theta$, and the plane $z = 0$.

Problem 10. (page 602) Show that $\int_0^\infty e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$.

Problem 11. (page 597)

(a) Find the volume V of the solid bounded by the graph of the equation $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} + z^{2/3} = a^{2/3}$.

(b) Use repeated integrals to find the volume of the solid common to two right circular cylinders of radius r whose axes intersect orthogonally.

(c) Find the volume of the solid under the plane $z = 3x + y$ and above the part of the ellipse $4x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 36$ in the first quadrant. Sketch

Problem 11. (page 585) Show that $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 f(x, y) dy dx = - \int_0^1 \int_0^1 f(x, y) dx dy = \frac{1}{2}$, where $f(x, y) = (x - y)/(x + y)^3$.

Problem 12. (page 576) Evaluate the line integral $\int_\lambda x^2 dy + y^2 dz + z^2 dx$ along the curve $\lambda(t) = (t^2, t + 1, t - 1)$, domain $\lambda = [0, 1]$.

Problem 13. (page 576) If $F(x, y) = \frac{xy(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2}$, $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$, $F(0, 0) = 0$, show that $F_{xy}(0, 0) \neq F_{yx}(0, 0)$.

Problem 14. (page 574) Evaluate the line integral $\int_{\lambda} [(x + y)dx + (x - y)dy]$ if λ is the ellipse $b^2x^2 + a^2y^2 = a^2b^2$ traversed in a counterclockwise direction.

Problem 15. (page 570) Determine which point of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 25/2$ is at the greatest distance from the point $(3, 4, 5)$.

Problem 16. (page 575) Find the maximum directional derivative of the function $F(x, y) = 100 - 2x^2 - y^2$ at the point $(5, 5)$.

Problem 17. (page 569) Find the extrema of the following function.

(a) $F(x, y) = x^2 + \frac{2}{xy^2} + y^2$.

(b) $g(x, y) = \sin x + \sin y + \sin(x + y)$.

Problem 18. (page 569) Find the minimum distance between the point $(1, -1, 2)$ and the plane $3x + y - 2z = 4$.

Problem 19. (page 570) Determine the values of a and b such that the ellipse $x^2/a^2 + y^2/b^2 = 1$ has least area and contains the circle $(x - 1)^2 + y^2 = 1$.

Problem 20. (page 564) Suppose $y = f(x)$ satisfies the equation $\arctan(\frac{x}{y}) + y^3 - 1 = 0$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

Problem 21. (page 562)

(a) If $z = f(u/v)/v$, show that $v(\partial z/\partial v) + u(\partial z/\partial u) + z = 0$.

(b) If $F(x, y) = f(y + ax) + g(y - ax)$, show that $\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial y^2}$.

Problem 22. (page 556) Find the tangent plane to the graph of the equation $x^2 + y^2 - 4z^2 = 4$ at the point $(2, -2, 1)$.

Problem 22. (page 544) Find the maximum directional derivative of the function f defined by $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ at the point (a, b, c) .

Problem 23. (page 541) Discuss the continuity of the function $G(x, y) = \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x^2 + y^2}$ if $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$; $G(0, 0) = 0$.

Problem 24. (page 507) If $u = \langle a_1, a_2, a_3 \rangle$, $v = \langle b_1, b_2, b_3 \rangle$ and $w = \langle c_1, c_2, c_3 \rangle$, then show that

$$u \bullet (v \times w) = (u \times v) \bullet w = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

Give a geometric interpretation of this number.

Problem 25. (page 522) Find the length of the space curve defined by $\lambda(t) = (t^2 + 1, t^2 - 1, 8t)$, domain $\lambda = [1, 3]$.

Problem 26. (page 527) Find the maximum and minimum radii of curvature for the curve $\lambda(t) = (a \cos t, b \sin t)$.

Problem 27. (page 526) Reparametrize by arc length the curve λ defined by $\lambda(t) = (t \sin t, t \cos t, \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} t^{3/2})$.

- Problem 28.** (page 513) Find the equation of the paraboloid of revolution obtained by rotating the parabola $y^2 = 4px$ in the xy plane about the x axis. Sketch.
- Problem 29.** (page 500) Find an equation of the plane passing through the three points $(-1, 1, 2)$, $(2, 0, -3)$, and $(5, 1, -2)$.
- Problem 30.** (page 497) Find the direction cosines and direction angles of the half-line emanating from the origin and passing through the point $(1, 1, \sqrt{2})$.
- Problem 31.** (page 480) Find the surface area of a sphere of radius r .
- Problem 32.** (page 480) One loop of the lemniscate $r^2 = \cos 2\theta$ is rotated about the polar axis. Find the area of the surface generated.
- Problem 33.** (page 474) Exercise 7.
- Problem 34.** (page 473) Exercises 5 and 9.
- Problem 35.** (page 467) Exercises Part(I) 5, 7, 15, 17, 19, 22, Part(II) 3.
- Problem 36.** (page 462) Exercises Part(I) 9, 10, 11, 23. Part(II) 3.
- Problem 37.** (page 451) Exercise Part(I) 1.
- Problem 38.** (page 434) Exercises Part(I) 24, Part(II) 3, 4.