

# Calculus Final Exam. Total: 120分.

(2006/01/11) (1)~(6) 每大題各 20% (PI)

(1) Eval the following integral respectively

(a)  $\int_0^1 \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx$  (b)  $\int_0^1 x^2 e^x dx$

(c)  $\int_1^2 x^3 \ln x dx$  (d)  $\int (\sec t + \tan t) dt$

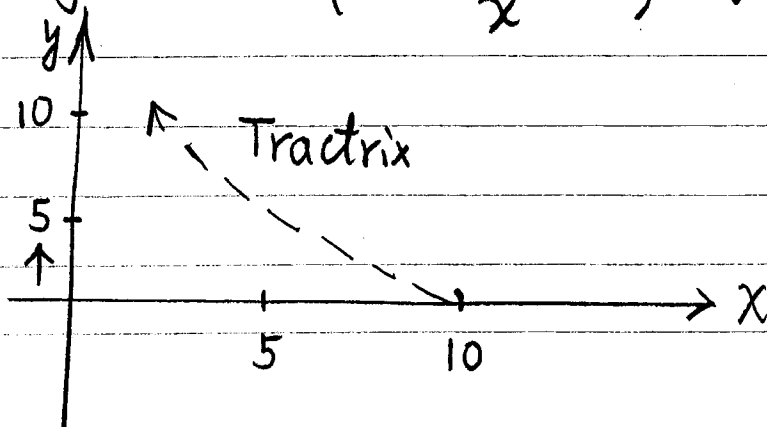
(e)  $\int_1^5 \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} dx$  (f)  $\int_1^2 x \sqrt{2x-1} dx$

(g)  $\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\sec 2x} \cdot \sec 2x \cdot \tan 2x dx$  (h)  $\int \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x+1} dx$

(i)  $\int \frac{x^2 + 2x + 3}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 9x} dx$  (j)  $\int \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx$

(2) A person walking along a dock drags a boat by a 10-meter rope. The boat travels along a path known as a tractrix (see the following figure). The equation of this path is

$$y = 10 \ln \left( \frac{10 + \sqrt{100 - x^2}}{x} \right) - \sqrt{100 - x^2}$$



(a) What is the slope of this path when  $x=5$  and  $x=9$ ?

(b) What does the slope of the path approach as  $x \rightarrow 10$ ?

(3) Let  $f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x}$

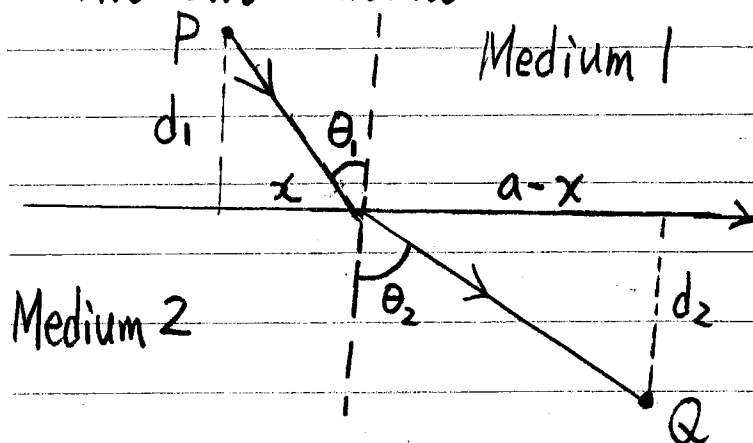
(a) Graph  $f$  on  $(0, \infty)$  and show that  $f$  is strictly decreasing on  $(e, \infty)$ .

(b) Show that if  $e \leq A < B$ , then  $A^B > B^A$

(c) Use part (b) to obtain that  $e^\pi > \pi^e$

#### 4) (Snell's Law of Refraction)

Let  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$  be the magnitudes of the angle shown in the figure and  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  be the velocities of light in the two media



If the light wave traveling from P to Q follow the path of minimum time, then show :  $\frac{\sin \theta_1}{v_1} = \frac{\sin \theta_2}{v_2}$

(P3)

(5) Let  $f(x) = x^4 - 12x^3 + 48x^2 - 64x$ .

Analyze and sketch the graph of  $f$ .

(6) (a) Let  $f(x) = \int_2^x \sqrt{1+t^2} dt$ . Find  $(f^{-1})'(0) = ?$

(b) Let  $f(x) = \cos 2x$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

Find  $(f^{-1})'(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) = ?$

(7) Happy New Year!