

## LIMIT AND CONTINUITY

Solutions:

1. When  $x$  is close to  $a$  and  $x \neq a$ ,  $f(x)$  is close to  $l$ .

2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$  exists, and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a)$ .

3. (1) 3 (2)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (3) does not exist

4. (i) (1) 2 (2) 2 (3) does not exist

(ii)  $g$  is not continuous at 0.  
 $\because \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x)$  does not exist.

5. (i) (1) 2 (2) 2 (3) 2

(ii)  $h$  is continuous at -1.  
 $\because \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} h(x) = h(-1)$