

LIMIT AND CONTINUITY

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Problems:

1. Give the meaning of $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = l$

2. Give the definition of "f is continuous at a".

$$3. f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2 & x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{x+1} & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

Write down (1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x)$ (2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x)$ (3) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$

$$4. g(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 + 1 & x < 0 \\ 3 & x = 0 \\ x + 2 & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

(i) Write down (1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} g(x)$ (2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} g(x)$ (3) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x)$

(ii) Is g continuous at 0? Why?

$$5. h(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & x < -1 \\ 2 & x = -1 \\ -2x & x > -1 \end{cases}$$

(i) Write down (1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} h(x)$ (2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} h(x)$ (3) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} h(x)$

(ii) Is h continuous at -1? Why?